

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for regeneration of a particulate filter (7) situated on an exhaust line (5) of an engine (3) ~~of a motor vehicle (1), the method being of the type in which, from~~ comprising determining a soot burden on the filter based on knowledge of ~~the a~~ differential pressure ΔP at the ends of the ~~said~~ filter (7) and of ~~the a~~ pressure $P_{upstream}$ upstream from the ~~said~~ filter (7), ~~the soot burden of the said filter (7) is determined for the purpose of and~~ triggering combustion of the ~~said~~ soot when the burden reaches a predetermined level, ~~characterized in that the~~ wherein a pressure $P_{downstream}$ downstream from the ~~said~~ filter (7) is modeled without use of a pressure sensor and ~~in that~~ $P_{upstream}$ is determined without use of a pressure sensor using the relationship $P_{upstream} = \Delta P + P_{downstream}$.

2. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, ~~characterized in that~~ wherein the ~~said~~ burden is determined by ~~means of~~ the relationship:

$\Delta P = f(Q_{vol}, \text{mass of soot})$, with:

$Q_{vol} = K \times (Q_{air} + \rho_{fuel} \times Q_{carb}) \times N \times T_{upstream} / T_{upstream}$, where:

[[-]] K is a constant,

[[-]] Q_{air} denotes ~~the a~~ mass flow of air provided to the engine and measured by a flowmeter,

[[-]] ρ_{fuel} denotes ~~the a~~ density of the ~~diesel~~ fuel injected into the engine,

[[-]] Q_{carb} denotes ~~the a~~ volumetric quantity of ~~diesel~~ fuel injected into the ~~said~~ engine (3),

[[(-)] N denotes ~~the~~ an rpm of the ~~said~~ engine (3), and

[[(-)] Tupstream denotes ~~the~~ an absolute temperature measured upstream from the ~~said~~ filter (7).

3. (Canceled)

4. (Canceled)

5. (New) A device for regeneration of a particulate filter situated on an exhaust line of an engine, the device comprising:

a differential pressure sensor configured to determine a differential pressure ΔP at ends of the filter; and

a controller configured to determine a soot burden on the filter based on knowledge of the differential pressure ΔP and of a pressure Pupstream upstream from the filter and configured to trigger combustion of the soot when the burden reaches a predetermined level, wherein a pressure Pdownstream downstream from the filter is modeled without use of a pressure sensor and Pupstream is determined without use of a pressure sensor using the relationship $P_{upstream} = \Delta P + P_{downstream}$.

6. (New) A device according to claim 5, wherein said controller is configured to determine the burden by the relationship:

$\Delta P = f(Q_{vol}, \text{mass of soot})$, with:

$Q_{vol} = K \times (Q_{air} + p_{fuel} \times Q_{carb}) \times N \times Tupstream / Pupstream$, where:

K is a constant,

Q_{air} denotes a mass flow of air provided to the engine and measured by a flowmeter,

p_{fuel} denotes a density of the fuel injected into the engine,

Q_{carb} denotes a volumetric quantity of fuel injected into the engine,

N denotes an rpm of the engine, and

$T_{upstream}$ denotes an absolute temperature measured upstream from the filter.

7. (New) A motor vehicle comprising:

an engine having an exhaust line;

a particulate filter provided along said exhaust line; and

a device configured to regenerate said particulate filter, said device comprising:

a differential pressure sensor configured to determine a differential pressure

ΔP at ends of said filter, and

a controller configured to determine a soot burden on said filter based on knowledge of the differential pressure ΔP and of a pressure $P_{upstream}$ upstream from said filter and configured to trigger combustion of the soot when the burden reaches a predetermined level, wherein a pressure $P_{downstream}$ downstream from said filter is modeled without use of a pressure sensor and $P_{upstream}$ is determined without use of a pressure sensor using the relationship $P_{upstream} = \Delta P + P_{downstream}$.

8. (New) A motor vehicle according to claim 7, wherein said controller is configured to determine the burden by the relationship:

$\Delta P = f(Q_{vol}, \text{mass of soot})$, with:

$Q_{vol} = K \times (Q_{air} + \rho_{fuel} \times Q_{carb}) \times N \times T_{upstream} / P_{upstream}$, where:

K is a constant,

Q_{air} denotes a mass flow of air provided to said engine and measured by a flowmeter,

ρ_{fuel} denotes a density of the fuel injected into said engine,

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Q_{carb} denotes a volumetric quantity of fuel injected into said engine,

N denotes an rpm of said engine, and

Tupstream denotes an absolute temperature measured upstream from said filter.